GLPI

Mise en place de glpi sur un serveur lap

apt install apache2

apt install php-{mysql,mbstring,curl,gd,xml,intl,ldap,apcu,xmlrpc,zip,bz2} -y

cd /var/www/

mkdir glpi

cd /etc/apache2/sites-available/

cp default-ssl.conf glpi-sssl.conf

```
openssl req -x509 -nodes -days 365 -newkey rsa:2048 -keyout /etc/ssl/private/glpi.key -out /etc/ssl/certs/glpi.crt_
```

nano glpi-ssl.conf

```
<VirtualHost *:80>
        ServerName glpi.gsb.sio.jja
        Redirect permanent / https://glpi.gsb.sio.jja/
</VirtualHost>


<VirtualHost *:443>
        ServerAdmin webmaster@localhost
        ServerName glpi.gsb.sio.jja
        DocumentRoot /var/www/glpi/glpi

<Directory /var/www/glpi/glpi>
        Options Indexes FollowSymLinks
        AllowOverride All
        Require all granted
</Directory>

        # Available loglevels: trace8, ..., trace1, debug, info, notice, warn,
        # error, crit, alert, emerg.
        # It is also possible to configure the loglevel for particular
        # modules, e.g.
        #LogLevel info ssl:warn

        ErrorLog ${APACHE_LOG_DIR}/error.log
        CustomLog ${APACHE_LOG_DIR}/access.log combined

        # For most configuration files from conf-available/, which are
        # enabled or disabled at a global level, it is possible to
        # include a line for only one particular virtual host. For example the
        # following line enables the CGI configuration for this host only
        # after it has been globally disabled with "a2disconf".
        #Include conf-available/serve-cgi-bin.conf

        #   SSL Engine Switch:
        #   Enable/Disable SSL for this virtual host.
        SSLEngine on

        #   A self-signed (snakeoil) certificate can be created by installing
        #   the ssl-cert package. See
        #   /usr/share/doc/apache2/README.Debian.gz for more info.
        #   If both key and certificate are stored in the same file, only the
        #   SSLCertificateFile directive is needed.
        SSLCertificateFile      /etc/ssl/certs/glpi.crt
        SSLCertificateKeyFile   /etc/ssl/private/glpi.key

        #   Server Certificate Chain:
```

a2enmode ssl

systemctl restart apache2

a2ensite glpi-ssl.conf

systemctl restart apache2

cd /tmp

```
wget https://github.com/glpi-project/glpi/releases/download/10.0.19/glpi-10.0.19.tgz
```

```
tar -xvzf glpi-10.0.19.tgz -C /var/www/glpi
```

```
# chown -R www-data /var/www/html_
```

```
e# chown -R www-data /var/www/glpi
```

a2dissite 000-default.conf

systemctl restart apache2

Pour enlever les erreur annexes avec php cookie etc:

Sur la bdd :

create database db_glpi;

```
GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON db_glpi.* TO admindb_glpi@'192.168.90.2' IDENTIFIED BY 'caribou';
FLUSH PRIVILEGES;
```

Étape 1 : Supprimer le fichier d’installation

Chemin :
`/var/www/html/glpi/install/install.php` *(ou* `/var/www/html/install/install.php` *si GLPI est à la racine)*

Commande (terminal) :

bash

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```
sudo rm /var/www/html/glpi/install/install.php
```

> ⚠ Vérifiez d’abord que GLPI est bien installé et fonctionnel avant de supprimer ce fichier.

Étape 2 : Modifier la configuration PHP (`php.ini`)

Chemin du fichier `php.ini` (dépend de votre serveur) :

- Apache + PHP-FPM : `/etc/php/8.x/apache2/php.ini`
- Nginx + PHP-FPM : `/etc/php/8.x/fpm/php.ini`
  (Remplacez `8.x` par votre version de PHP, ex: `8.1`, `8.2`)

Ouvrir le fichier :

bash

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```
sudo nano /etc/php/8.2/apache2/php.ini
```

Chercher et modifier :

ini

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```
session.cookie_secure = On
session.cookie_httponly = On
```

> Si les lignes sont commentées (`;` au début), retirez le `;`.

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